Exhibit 13

(Exhibit 13 is a video of Policy Ideas to Fix America's Universities filed and served separately)

Exhibit 13a

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8	POLICY IDEAS TO FIX AMERICA'S UNIVERSITIES
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1 (Recording begins.) 2 MR. ATLAS: Policy Ideas to Fix America's 3 Universities is going to start here moderated. An honor to introduce Todd Zywicki, who many people probably know, a George Mason University professor of law at the Antonin Scalia Law 6 School and a personal leader in the fight against insanity of COVID. And Todd will moderate a stellar panel. 7 8 MR. ZYWICKI: All right. We're batting cleanup here, so we'll -- we'll keep everybody awake, although 10 that was a tough act to follow. So I guess I'm here because --11 so I've done -- I -- I can see this issue from a couple 12 perspectives. Back about 15 years ago, I was elected as an 13 insurgent write-in candidate to the Dartmouth College Board of Trustees. Peter Robinson was -- got elected along with me, 15 a -- a Hoover fellow. And I managed to be an -- sub- -- enough 16 of a nuisance to get kicked off by the other trustees after one 17 term. 18 I can also claim credit -- I think I'm the only 19 person I know of who is responsible, at least partially, for 20 getting speech codes repealed at two different universities, 21 both at Dartmouth and at George Mason. And took me five years 22 at George Mason. 23 And Ms. Scott eluded more -- and as Sarah 24 mentioned earlier, I sued my -- my employer, my university, over their COVID vaccination mandate based on natural immunity,

and Jay graciously -- and was one of my expert witnesses in -in the case. And so soon as they saw his affidavit, they
folded immediately.

But -- so I've seen this from inside the board room, I've seen this as a faculty member, I've seen this -- and so -- so I'm going to give you some general impressions about all this and set the table for our amazing panel, who are doing some really interesting things and have some great examples of tools that could be -- could be used.

And I'm going to start off with a couple of premises, which is the first thing is, I'm going to say, I don't know what our strategy is for reversing ideological dominance at universities, but whatever it is, it's not working. Is there anybody here who thinks that whatever our strategy is is working? Yeah, that's what I thought.

So we could keep doing the same thing and it's still going to not work. So I think the premise of this panel is, let's think about what might work. Now, nothing I'm going to say am I going to guarantee is going to make it work, right? What I will say, though, is the trajectory is clear, if we do nothing, we know where this ends, right?

Aaron tried to give us some optimistic views earlier. He's more optimistic than I am. I think this just ends in a -- another Dark Ages if -- if we don't do anything. So -- so, you know, what it seems to be is we try to tell the

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   left they should appreciate intellectual diversity, they should
   appreciate idealogical diversity. My, aren't you hypocrites,
   what you -- what you -- what -- what you do, right? I mean,
   there's -- there's room for that, but -- but it's not working,
   right? So I'm going to start with that -- that -- that
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   premise, right?
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                  The second premise, I think is pretty well
   established. Jay eluded to this earlier, is the left believes
   in power and the left responds to power. The left does not
   respond to being told they're hypocrites or they're
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   intellectually dishonest. They respond to power. Now, why do
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   I know that? Because they say that. It's not like they're
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   hiding the ball here. The left is -- view of the world is the
   world is -- is power, right?
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                  And this is the framework which I say is going
   all the way back to Marcuse, though. Why do they oppose free
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   speech on campus? Because as Marcuse explained, free speech is
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   another -- just another vehicle for the dominant class to
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   reassert their authority over -- over the subordinate, the
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   subordinate people, right?
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                  Their view is the purpose of the univer- --
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   if -- if -- if they bou- -- the -- the idea that the university
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   exists to pursue truth, if you buy that premise, everything
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   else is a rounding error, right? Free speech, intellectual
   diversity, standards of proof, all that sort of stuff, that's a
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1 trivial deduction.

They don't believe the university exists for truth, because they don't believe there's truth, number one.

They believe the university is perhaps the most important institution in society to promote liberation, to right the power imbalances of all the systemic racism and everything else that -- that we -- that we heard, right?

So they are fundamentally playing by different rules. We are playing the game we inherited from the Middle Ages in universities, which we could call it the shared search for truth game, right? The universities are about a shared search for truth, dialogue, open speech, everybody is trying to sort of understand the truth. That's not their view.

Their view is, they're playing the dominance hierarchy game. They're playing the dominance game. You're either up or you're down. And any arguments that advance the prevailing dominance hierarchy are illegitimate, any arguments against it are legitimate, right? So what does that mean? Anything goes. When they say speech is violence, that is not just a rhetorical expression, right? We need to start actually paying attention to what they say.

They are telling us -- they are telling us what they mean. They believe speech is violence because it reaffirms the existing power dominance in -- in society. So we could continue to play the reciprocal free speech game, the,

1 you know, the reciprocal search for truth game while they are playing the power dominance game, and I think we see how this -- how thi- -- how this plays out, right? These are not decent people. These are not good 5 people. Right? These are people who will fire you, who will 6 end your career because you have a mis- -- a bad -- a bad 7 Tweet, right? These are people who will stick vaccines and booster shots in 19-year-old boys, right? 9 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: (Inaudible.) 10 MR. ZYWICKI: For whatever reason, right? 11 are not good people, right? And we need to, I think, 12 appreciate that, the kind of people we're dealing with on --13 on -- on campus, right? Now, one of the implications of this is, it is -- ironically, it is truth, not error, that they want 15 to suppress. It is truth not error. Why? Error can be 16 rebutted by argument, but truths that can be in their terms, 17 quote, weaponized, unquote, to reaffirm the existing power 18 hierarchy, that's what must be suppressed, the things we heard 19 about earlier, right? 20 Any research, the hypothesis, asking the 21 questions that could provide insights that could be true, but 22 then could be, in their view, used to reaffirm existing power 23 dominance is what must be suppressed. Truth must not only be 24 ignored and must actually be suppressed if it reasserts the existing powerarchy.

1 So I know we have a lot of economists in this 2 I would wager Roland Fryer's study on police shootings could not be published in the AAR today in the form that it wa- -- in the form it was published in 2019, right? The world has fundamentally changed in that way. Why? Because it is --6 could be true. I'm not even saying it's true, but it could be 7 true, which is precisely why it has to -- to -- that's happened, right? 9 So what does this mean? This means if they are 10 playing a power game and we're not, this is just tit for tat, 11 right? This is just tit for tat. You don't have to be an 12 economist to understand enough game theory to understand tit 13 for tat, that if you don't fight back, they're going to just continue to pummel you, right? And so whether you like it or 15 not, we have to be -- if -- we can either lose or we have to be 16 willing to use power to fight power, as I think as Jay was --17 was saying earlier, right? 18 Now, I recognize everything I'm saying can have 19 unintended consequences. Right? Everything I'm saying can 20 have unintended consequence. Tit for tat can lead to a stable equilibrium, where we get back to some degree of neutrality and 21 standards. Tit for tat can also lead to the Hatfields and 22 23 McCoys, right? Now, why do I think not withstanding the 24 unintended consequences? I think it's worth thinking about it. Because where -- the -- the worst case scenarios, we end up

1 where we're going, just faster. Right? I think, again, if we don't do anything, we end up in -- in the gutter, right? 3 Another argument people say is, Well, you know, what happens if Elizabeth Warren gets ahold of this, right, some of the things I'm talking about. Come on, folks. Elizabeth Warren isn't waiting around for us to pass laws that 7 says it's okay to -- to do these things, right? They are not playing by any established rules. They are not constrained by the rules, and so maybe -- maybe they might be a little more, 10 you know, worse than they are now, right, but I'm -- I mean, 11 it's -- let's -- let's be realistic, right? We're the only 12 ones who are concerned about the rules, and so if we -- you 13 know, let's -- let's be -- let's be aware of that. All right? 14 Now, let me just say about a minute or so on 15 unintended consequences I do worry about, and then talk about a 16 few ideas and then turn it over to the panel. Which is first 17 is, we do need to be concerned about unintended consequences. 18 And in particular, we actually need to to think through the 19 incentives we are creating. So let me give you two examples. 20 The first is, one of the problems at the 21 university today goes back, I think, in con- -- previous 22 conservative efforts to reform the university, it goes back, of 23 all things, to William F. Buckley and God and Man at Yale. 24 What Buckley said was what we need to do is get some hardheaded CEOs on those board of trustees and they'll ride herd on those

1 lazy faculty members and that sort of thing, right? 2 Well, I served on the Dartmouth board with a 3 bunch of hardheaded trustees, and it didn't quite work out that way, right? Basically, their view was, the president in the university is a CEO like me, so I'll just let the president in the university run the -- run the university like I want people 7 to allow me to be the -- the -- the CEO, right? What does that end up doing? 9 Well, in a world without profit and loss 10 statements, you basically -- what you get now, which is 11 basically, in a nonprofit, you get bureaucratic empire 12 building, right, by the -- by the president; and you get a 13 bunch of academics running rings around the board of trustees. We actually had a discussion when I was on the Dartmouth board, 15 one of these board members, who is a really tough guy, really 16 smart, tough guy, actually had the temerity to ask about grade 17 inflation. 18 And the dean at the time, the dean of -- of the 19 faculty, just ran rings around him. You got this, you got 20 that, there's all these different reasons. And so, basically, 21 he just -- he basically said, You're an idiot and I can't 22 believe you ask such idiot questions, right? And that was the 23 end of it, right? We never revisited the question of grade 24 inflation or a lot of other things like that. 25 The second thing I think we should be very

1 careful about, and you can dismiss me as pleading in self-interest here, but getting rid of tenure, I think, would be a very bad idea. And the reason is, the reality is simply, yes, I've talked about unintended consequences, yes, I've talked about tit for tat, the reality is the left is just more ruthless. And they're going to fire us -- they're going to 7 fire us before we fire any of them. So, you know, and -- and I don't think we should be as ruthless as they are, right? 9 But in thinking through these sorts of things, we should be realistic about who they are and who we are, and I 10 don't think we should be that person, right? And I think 11 12 everybody in this room has to ask, what is our limit, right? What is our limit in terms of what we're going to do? I mean, 13 it's clear, the left -- the left obviously discriminates on 15 ideology when they do hiring, right? 16 Could I bring myself to actually discriminate on 17 the basis of ideology? I don't know. Right? Could I 18 basically say, I'm going to weigh somebody's ideology over 19 their competence? That would be a tough thing for me to decide 20 to do, right? Whatever -- whatever the case may be. It's easy It's hard for -- it's -- it's harder for me. And I 21 think it's harder for a lot of us to -- to do that, which may 22 23 just mean, you know, we've got limits that they -- that they 24 don't have, right? 25 So let me say what might work then. I said what

1 I don't think will work. First is savvy use of government power. A good example of this is the Solomon Amendment, if you're familiar with this. This is the federal law that requires universities that receive federal funding to allow the military to recruit on campus. 6 Bunch of law schools challenged this a few years 7 ago, saying it was a violation of the First Amendment rights. Bunch of us at Scalia law school filed the brief in support of the Solomon Amendment as a legitimate use of government power. But -- but it works. Why does it work? Because universities 10 11 know that -- that the government is serious about it. university knows that the gov- -- that the government will, in 12 fact, enforce the Solomon Amendment. And universities complain 13 14 about it, but they go along with it, right? 15 So the idea of using something like the Solomon 16 Amendment for free speech for things like that, that basically 17 say, in some way, your funding is going to be tied to a certain 18 standard, certain things that you do, right, could be something we could look at. Could it have unintended consequences, could 19 20 the left weaponize us -- against us? In theory, yes. practice, they're doing it already. How much worse can it get, 21 22 right, to use this? 23 Related to that, I think, is the idea of 24 potentially a free speech ombudsman that some people have -have talked about. Which is, in state governments, for

1 example, requiring free speech ombudsmen, somebody who would have to report every year on the condition of free speech, or basically somebody that students could complain to if they felt like they had a free speech -- a claim. Could it be used by the left? Sure. You know, what's -- you know, what's the difference? Basically, they're -- you know, they're doing that 7 already, just through the -- through the dean's -- through the dean's office, right? And I think we'll hear more in Florida about some of the things that Florida is doing, and so I won't 10 steal the thunder from my -- my pan- -- my co-panelist on some 11 of the things they're doing with that. 12 I think a third thing that we should focus on 13 that was eluded to earlier is, we need to develop a farm team of administrators. When I was on the Dartmouth board, I 14 15 potentially had the opportunity to basically recommend any 16 qualified candidate in America to potentially be the -- the 17 president of Dartmouth. All right? 18 Turns out, there were essentially zero 19 conservative or even moderately con- -- mildly conservative 20 candidates who would be capable of being the -- a -- a finalist 21 for the presidency of a place like Dartmouth, right? 22 Presidents in, say, a Big Ten school or Provost, another Ivy 23 League school or something like that, right, we just don't have 24 a farm team. And these administrators do and these presidents have a lot of power. It was -- as was the case earlier.

1 Ben Sasse at Florida's kind of a sui generis 2 type appointment, but he's going to have obvious limitations 3 because he's not an academic and that sort of thing. And so trying to figure out how we groom a farm team of administrators, I think, is -- I think is important. 6 We also heard earlier, I think we have to be 7 willing to use the tools we have. And so Aaron and I were talking about this. You know, using litigation, right? The courtroom may be the -- about the only place nowadays you can get a fair hearing. Title IX cases have almost universally 11 won. When people challenge the kangaroo courts in Title IX cases on campuses, they -- they almost universally prevail, 12 13 because these things are such awful star chambers, right? And universities usually just won't change unless they are -- they 15 are sued, right? 16 And -- and you -- and -- and so you've got to be willing to -- to use the tools that -- that you have, right? 17 18 EOC complaints, for example, I think is something that's worth thinking about, right, to challenge some of these other sorts 20 of things. One of the things that's important about this is, why -- why do I say this? Why is it important to use these 21 22 tools? Well, here's -- here's the thing, which is the left 23 knows -- like, so why do we still have speech codes on 24 campuses? I mean, we've been arguing for 25 years. You know, some day this could be turned against you, you know? Some day,

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1 the Israeli students could turn this against the Palestinian 2 students, right? 3 And it's hard to say it with a straight face, right? Because everybody knows that's never going to happen, right? The only reason we have speech codes is because they know they'll always be implemented in a one way -- way in --7 in -- in practice, right, not in theory. And so I think certain things -- this is sort of using power for -- power with power. 10 I'll just give you an example that's going on 11 right now, is over a dozen federal judges have announced that they're going to boycott Yale law school for hiring their 12 13 clerks, right? All of a sudden, Yale's dean announced, here's our free speech policies, right? And what's the point? You 15 say, Well, that's not very nice to punish the conservative 16 students. It's like, well, if you believe free speech matters, 17 what el- -- what's your strategy, smart guy? Right? If you're 18 a judge who believes this is important, what's your strategy 19 for -- for dealing with it, right? 20 I'll say just a couple more things. 21 it's important to stop trying to compromise, stop trying to 22 rationalize with these people. Stop trying to negotiate with 23 them. I've seen this a lot, especially with these centers on 24 campus. I think Don [sic] Bonevac said it very well earlier today. Pol- -- apologize if I misspoke your word, right?

1 Which is, it only gets worse. Wherever you start from, it goes downhill from there, right? So if you compromise to begin with, you're already halfway gone, right? If you've got the -- we've heard this again and 5 again. If you've got the moral high ground, assert the moral high ground, right? Don't -- don't -- don't surrender it. 7 I'll tell you this, my -- my story was when I -- when I settled my lawsuit, one of the reporters -- so one of the things that they did with George Mason was, they didn't just recognize as 10 the vaccine mandate anything approved by the FDA. They had any 11 vaccine approved by the World Health Organization. 12 And when I first saw that -- because I was 13 expecting this to be the FDA. And I saw it and I was on 14 vacation, and I burst out laughing and my wife is, like, What's 15 so funny? And I said George Mason just said the Sinovac vaccine is okay, but natural immunity isn't. 16 17 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Right. 18 MR. ZYWICKI: Right? And I said, and I'm going 19 to take Sinovac and I'm going to shove it up George Mason's you 20 know what every single time I'm on television, right? And so a 21 reporter asked, Why did George Mason settle? I said, I don't 22 know. Maybe they just didn't want to hear about Sinovac every 23 day for the next year, right? 24 But basically, what's the point? The point is, you -- that you have to be accurate, but you don't have to be

1 fair, right? I didn't have to beat Pfizer and Moderna at the time, I had to beat Sinovac, right? So make them defend Sinovac, right? The policy at George Mason was designed by the fire chief of the university, right? My position was defended by Jay Bhattacharya. Right? I went on TV and said, The fire chief says I have to get the vaccine. Jay Bhattacharya and 7 Martin Kulldorff say I don't, right? 8 You know, basically, the point is, make them defend the indefensible. Push them out to their fences, push 10 it beyond it, stay on the offensive, make them defend their --11 their principle, right? And one of the lessons of this is 12 basically Saul Alinsky. If people haven't read Saul Alinsky, 13 read Saul Alinsky. That panel we just heard was an hour of classic Saul Alinsky. Ridicule, push them beyond their --15 their perimeters, have fun, never let up. 16 The last thing I'll say is, name the premise. 17 And I'll close on this and I've already gone too long. Name 18 the premise. Make them say it, pin them down in detail. So, 19 for example, here's the question every president -- every 20 college president who wants to have the booster mandate should 21 be asked by students and parents. Tell me your number, Mr. and 22 Mrs. President. How many young men on this campus is the right 23 number for cases of myocarditis to get this booster? Five, 24 twelve, ten? Tell me your number. How many -- what is the acceptable collateral damage for you to do this? Give me a

1 Right? Pin them down in detail. Make them -- don't allow them to talk around it. Make them name the premise, make them name it with -- with specificity. When we were -- we got tangled up in a dean 5 search at George Mason and got commandeered by the DIE [sic] And here's what I did, was, I said, Okay, you told us 7 we need to have a -- a diverse slate. Tell me what diversity is, exactly. If we give you a black lesbian, does that count? Is that enough? Right? Exactly. Tell me exactly what you 10 want, right? Why -- what was the deal? 11 Basically, the deal was, they wanted to --12 basically, their premise is, everybody knows how this works. 13 We all break the law and we pretend like we're not, right? And I basically said, I'm not playing that game, right? I'm not 15 playing that game. If you want to break the law, you have to 16 break the law. And I'm going to put it in my notes and it's 17 going to be foible, right? And, you know, of course, I 18 couldn't get an answer out of them, but it made them very 19 uncomfortable, right? 20 What was it? Make them name it. Make them name 21 it. Don't let them get away with their slickness in getting --22 getting around it. Make them defend the indefensible. With 23 that, I will turn it over to my -- to my colleagues. Thank 24 you. 25 MR. LOWERY: So I guess I'll -- I'll start off

and, you know, problem anytime I talk with Todd is we're too highly correlated, so I'll just try not to overlap too much.

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Microphone.

MR. LOWERY: Yeah. So my contribution here, I think Professor Hankins mentioned that he viewed himself as possibly the world's greatest expert on the Renaissance, roughly, I think. And that seemed like a fair statement. I might very well be the world's greatest expert on failed academic reform, so I will try to bring that perspective to bear.

Briefly, the -- the picture is we have -- we have to do this because we've basically replaced our leaders from people who could potentially use logic and evidence with people who think that's inappropriate. And at the same time, they reject the natural crutch of tradition and just doing the same old stuff. So we've got people who will neither reason nor appeal the tradition, and that's creating a leadership class that's just a complete failure.

So how do we fix that? And I think that has to come from higher education, because that's where -- we've moved -- that's what we've done. We've moved away from having -- educating people in those ways. So going into details, what are the things we need to do? And I think big picture, three big things that need to happen, and I'll go through the three big things that need to happen and then the

three reasons they won't happen.

So, yeah. We should have left with the students because that would have -- you could have all left with false hope. So the first thing we have to do is complete and total legal and legislative removal of all the DEI, CRT, queer theory stuff from all positions of administrative power in universities. As long as they are there, we can't do anything. The -- and they are in -- you know, such a -- what -- what others might call an idealogical purge is necessary because those ideas are fundamentally incompatible with the idea of free inquiry or the functioning of a university.

So that is -- that has to happen and it's difficult, but we have to, you know, stop trying to be nice to people and get it done. And that means remove the ideas and remove the people. Because this whack-a-mole thing where, Oh, they went too far and they put in too strong of a DEI requirement, we'll make them take it back, that doesn't work if you just leave the person in place and they come back and they do it, you know, next Tuesday after you stop paying attention. So that has to be complete.

We also have to remove that same set of ideas and the same set of personnel from anything involves a -- a required curriculum for graduation at, at least, a public university. So again, this will sound like I'm saying we need to purge, but we cannot have a situation where, in order to get

a degree conferred on you by, for example, the State of Texas, you have to sit through idealogical training. That is not an active academic freedom, that's suppression of academic freedom, so we need that complete purge.

And I think Professor Bonevac mentioned our flags, and that's when -- you know, we have explicit, you have to sit through at least one critical race theory class in order to graduate from the University of Texas. So to get a degree conferred by the State, you have to sit through political training. And we cannot tolerate that, and as long as that's there, we're going to continue to mint the same sort of students that we've been minting, who go and join the government and impose this stuff on everyone else.

The third thing we have to do, and this is a little more creative perhaps, we have to create independent institutions, not just outside, but within the universities. It's great, the idea to build -- you know, we could rebuild history outside of the universities. There are donors who will do that. That's a good thing. We also have to be able to confer degrees on people without them having to go through the insanity they're going through.

So we need to create independent colleges and schools within universities that have the -- the authority to allow students to satisfy all the de- -- all the requirements for graduation without going to the insane people. And that's

absolutely essential and that -- as soon as you start getting any progress on that, that's where they come after you, for sure. That's personal experience.

So why is none of this going to work? None of this is going to work because there's no constituency for real reform amongst conservatives. You know, we can hear the optimism from our Saul Alinsky style young conservatives, but they're not the ones running state legislatures, they're not the ones running family fortunes, and the people who are like that are old school conservatives who have excessive respect for institutions and hierarchies. And they will never side with reformers or insurgents against established hierarchies and institutions. They will just defer to the prestigious institution, even if it's run specifically by a critical race theorist who would throw them in jail for their business activities and their speech. They will stand with the institution against anyone who challenges an institution or a hierarchy. The conservative sensibility is incompatible with what is needed to return a conservative voice to campus or society as a whole.

The other reason none of this will ever happen is because academic freedom is such a gravely misunderstood concept amongst, again, conservatives in power. They treat academic freedom as a requirement for noninterference, when noninterference is what destroys academic freedom. If you sit

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1 by and let unelected bureaucrats determine the curriculum, and the -- what acceptable ideas can take place at a state university, you are betraying academic freedom, you are not practicing it. But they cannot understand this and they will not act because they're petrified of ever possibly treading on anyone's academic freedom.

And the third reason this will all fail is because even within conservative academics, you know, maybe a tiny fraction, five percent of academics are conservative, within that group, 90 percent are accommodating grifters, for lack of a better word. There will always be someone to step up and say, Oh, no, this person's crazy, they go too far. And I'm happy to take the large salary to run the institute in the way that keeps, you know -- we -- we could keep the donors happy, and we don't actually have to challenge the power of the left.

And conservatives, again, they love these people because these people tell them optimistic stories. people go to the football game with the president, these people are very good at one thing and one thing only, which is convincing people that everything's actually not that bad, and as long as I get enough resources, we'll do it. And every single time, I have looked at so many of these attempts and I've been involved with them, the grifter always wins. And the grifter always wins not because of the university, but because of the donors, the alumni and the politicians. They'd always

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1 rather go with the grifter. And so that's why we're doomed. 2 And yeah. 3 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: (Inaudible) after that? 4 MR. LOWERY: So I will say, if you want a moment of optimism, Todd mentioned the potential for a dark age, but, you know, in the old dark age, it took a really long time for the information that was lost to get back. Maybe with the internet, we can have a V-shaped dark age. Maybe it'll only be a few decades, but that's the best I can see. 10 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Back to the monastery. 11 MR. LOWERY: Yeah. Exact- -- I mean, that's -maybe that's our only job. Maybe that's what Hillsdale is 12 13 going to be, is we'll just hold on for a few more years until everything gets really bad and maybe something can be rebuilt, 15 but I'm not optimistic. So thanks. 16 Thank you, Todd. I -- I have to say MR. EITEL: 17 that having seen our young friends from the universities, I 18 actually am optimistic because that's our future right there, 19 and they're the ones that are going to make it happen. So I 20 got to disagree with you on that. My name's Bob Eitel. I lead a group called the 21 22 Defensive Freedom Institute for Policy Studies, which is a 23 conservative Libertarian group focused on federal education and 24 workforce policy and related civil rights issues. So for purposes of this conversation, I'm going to focus on federal

policy solutions, and there are some federal policy solutions.

The reason we have such a focus at DFI about federal policy is because I and my cofounder were on Secretary DeVos's leadership team at the U.S. Department of Education for four years, where we worked on regulatory reform, including Title IX. I was an architect of the rule that was published in 2020. And so our focus is on the role of the U.S. Department of Education, if any, in connection with some of these reforms.

I should probably state that probably every--probably everyone in this room takes the view that the U.S.

Department of Education should be abolished. And I concur with that. We also probably all have the view that federal executive power and its role in the American education system, including -- including higher ed should be, at most, minimal. The difficulty is, is that I don't know the department and the federal rule are going anywhere. I think that they're here to stay. They may be reduced somewhat in a conservative future -- a future conservative administration and Congress, but I don't see the Title IV program going anywhere, as much as I'd like to see it abolished or Pell Grants or any of that.

So the question then becomes, what can conservatives do in this area to deal with the issues that we've heard today? So let me give -- let me give you some ideas. The first thing that Congress should do is to take steps to nurture intellectual diversity in higher ed. And the

1 way to do that is not to create some office in some federal agency that polices these issues, but to simply pass a viewpoint discrimination act that effects post-secondary institutions that participate in the Title IV program or otherwise receive federal financial assistance and prohibits 6 viewpoint discrimination in university employment decisions and 7 in educational programs and activities. That is an elegant way of doing it, it puts the 8 issue in the courts. I would not create an office in the 10 justice department or the education department to police the 11 issue, much like we have with Title IX or Title VI or an EEOC. 12 It would be a -- a -- a statute that a plaintiff would be able to sue under to seek monetary relie- -- monetary damages, 13 injunctive relief, declaratory relief, and most importantly, 15 their attorney's fees and costs if they are the prevailing 16 plaintiff. 17 That will cause, I think, our friends on the left to think twice about cancel culture or treating many of 18 19 these academics the way they've been treated by their 20 colleagues where they've been fired or their conditions of employment have been limited in a negative way. 21 22 You would have to have exemptions for military

You would have to have exemptions for military schools and service academies, because it's a different educational environment, as well as for religious schools, because there are special, I think, religious institutional

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missions in play there that aren't a factor at a Stanford or a George Mason.

The second thing that needs to happen is that

Congress needs to sta- -- take steps to curve the power of the

Title IX offices and the DEI offices on campus. So for

instance, Congress needs to dive into Title IX as a statute and

do -- make some amendments. And those amendments need to do

the following things.

They need to clarify that sex under Title IX means biological sex at birth, not gender identity. It needs to provide special protections for women's sports in spaces like dorms. It needs to mandate basic due process, protections in disciplinary proceedings. It needs to beef up exemptions under the statute for religious schools who can obtain an -- an exemption under Title IX, and it needs to codify many of the Betsy DeVos Department of Education Title IX regulations that were put into place in 2020, regarding what exactly is sexual harassment. That would -- that would limit the scope of the influence and the power and authority of these Title IX offices on campus. And I'll get to the DEI offices in a moment.

Third, federal policy should encourage the establishment in growth of new and innovative institutions of higher education. And a perfect example of that is the University of Austin. We need more Universities of Austin. We need the centers that Professor Haskins [sic] was talking about

earlier today. Those conform the nucleus of a future college and university up the road.

The difficulty here is that we have accreditation requirements under the Higher Education Act that can make this very difficult to do. So Congress needs to amend the HEA, and there's a possibility this can happen in 2025 if you have the right president and you have a -- a truly conservative Congress, is they need to abolish the regional accreditation cartels, make these agencies act based on the mission of their schools, not their locations.

They need to accredit schools on a national basis, not on a regional basis as now exists. They need to -in the HEA, Congress needs to amend the HEA to protect the sovereignty of states to decide the leadership and governance issues for their state university systems. We see this issue going on in California, and I have a feeling we'll be hearing about that issue later.

The HEA accreditation rules need to be beefed up to protect religious schools or schools controlled by religious organizations so that accreditation agencies honor the institutional mission of religious or faith-based institutions. And we need to prohibit accreditation agencies from leveraging their Title IV student loan gatekeeper role to mandate that post-secondary educational institutions not adopt diversity, equity and inclusion policies.

One of the reasons our universities and colleges are pushing these DEI policies in offices is because they -- they take the position that the accreditors require it. And they -- and if they're not -- and if the school is not accredited, they can't get -- they can't participate in Title IV and get student loans.

This is not directly on point, but I have to say it because this is a big hobbyhorse of mine, and that is the -- my final point and that is this. Congress needs to take steps to combat the influence of foreign governments and their proxies in higher ed, and I'm particularly thinking of China and the Chinese Communist Party.

We have a disclosure requirement under the Higher Education Act that's very weak. If you don't oblige, then the worst you're going to get is a nasty letter from the Department of Education and maybe -- maybe the Justice Department. They need to beef up that provision, and they need to -- to ensure that those disclosure provisions, wherein an institution has to disclose their contributions, their gifts and contracts with for- -- foreign governments and their proxies, they need to disclose that fully and completely and make it -- and this is the -- the change, make it con- -- a -- a -- a contingency for Title IV funding. That is, if you don't do it, you lose your participation in the program.

That's the only way these colleges and

1 universities are going to pay attention to this issue. It's all on there. I know we're limited in time. 3 MR. CORCORAN: Thank you. My name's Richard Corcoran. I apologize. I've gotten a sore throat. It's not 5 COVID or strep, I assure you. I even thought of calling Scott and saying, Hey, I might have to cancel, I'm losing my voice. 7 But then I thought, I'm from Florida, we don't cancel anything, so I had to show. 9 But I -- I have three things that I would share 10 too. First, and before I get started, I do want to thank --11 you guys probably read, we were probably one of the most 12 forefront states of the 50 to absolutely ensure that any child in the state of Florida at the height of COVID was offered a 13 14 seat in a school with face-to-face instruction more than any 15 other state. And we were able to do that. 16 We were immediately sued when we announced that 17 emergency order, and the way we got through that litigation 18 against the teachers union, of course, was we reached out to 19 Dr. Atlas and Dr. Atlas, at the time, was doing a lot of work 20 with the Trump Administration. He said, You need to reach out 21 to Dr. Bhattacharya. And we reached out to Jay and he was our 22 expert witness and did a phenomenal job, and we were able to

In fact -- and then after that, the governor had asked me, Hey, I need you to go on and start selling the story

withstand the legal action.

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1 a little bit. And all I did was read, verbatim, like, nine times Dr. Bhattacharya's brief before the Court. And I remember being on all the CNN shows and -- and they would give their rhetoric of completely unfactual things. And I would 5 say, Well, we've, you know, got Dr. Bhattacharya from Stanford 6 and this is the facts. But a heartfelt thanks to both. 7 And then Dr. Atlas came down to Florida once we opened, and we toured the entire state with Dr. Atlas, walking through folks, why it was safe for kids to go back to school. 10 So thank you very much, both of you. 11 And I'm not an academic. I'm a lawyer by trade. 12 I became speaker of the Florida house, that's how I got to 13 become friends with Governor DeSantis. He asked me to do his transition because he really didn't know the Tallahassee for 15 secretaries and chiefs and what have you. And then he asked me 16 to be the secretary of education, which I did up until about 17 May. 18 So I will tell you -- and a lot of the comments 19 that have been made, I like a lot of them, and we've done a lot 20 of them. My bottom line would be with what you said 21 originally, and that is, what we're doing is not working. And 22 I think -- so our strategy -- my strategy has been, when I talk 23 to folks, is, we have to throw the kitchen sink at the problem. 24 And there's no such thing as a bad idea. I don't care what it is, but some ideas have less impact and take longer.

1 What we're talking about is really a 20-year 2 I mean, if we did everything right today, we'd start reaping those benefits probably in 20 years. The biggest solution to higher ed has been played out in the last three and a half years, four years in Florida, and that is, leadership is 6 everything. If you have a great leader who understands what 7 their philosophy is and is willing to fight for it, you can have game-changing outcomes. 9 And so -- and I -- and then I'll talk about two 10 other things. But -- so you look at what you said in your 11 opening, you know, we have boards for all of our universities and colleges and, of course, a lot of donors, a lot of 12 13 corporate CEOs are on those boards. And they do immediately, I 14 think as a whole, fall into place with the structure of the 15 university and defer to the academics. 16 And I -- I have far less problems with them falling in with the presidents than I do the falling in with 17 18 the provosts. You know, I think they're the most liberal 19 individuals, arguably, in the country. And -- but when you 20 have a governor who has their back and says, I will not put you

They want to be on the University of Florida Board of Trustees,

on that board of trustees -- which they really want to do.

that's where they went to school, that's -- they want to go to

the football games, they want to sit in the president's box.

But they -- and the criteria is, one, you're going to work; and

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two, here's what you're going to work at.

It's -- it's a -- we have had great success in the last four years only with corporate executives who understand that this is who the governor is, he has our back, and they actually, in many ways, usurp the authorities of those -- or -- or oversee and hold a bigger club over those presidents and those provosts.

The two -- besides having -- and that goes to everything. So we -- we've done the University of Chicago letter, we went through -- every school had to adopt it. We have 28 colleges and 12 universities. All adopted it. We've done -- we created the -- an institute -- and again, they're all good ideas and throw the sink at it, but if we -- if every state did an institute, we just did the Hamilton Institute based in University of Florida.

You know, and the whole point is to create a farm team of more conservative professors, create an environment where kids can go and get a degree without having to be subjected to the stuff of our previous panel. But that institute, with probably four or five million dollars to seed it this last year, will produ- -- you know, have a class next year of about 50 to 100 students. If we replicated that in all 50 states and we did it at mach speed, you know, and we're at 5,000 students, all of a sudden, you know, we have -- you know, if you count all colleges: private, public, community colleges

1 and universities, I mean, we have, 19 million students. mean, we're just -- it's -- it should happen and we should do it, but we've got to recognize that that's not -that's not a -- a short-term fix. 5 We've gone after -- and I think it's a great 6 idea, the accreditation agency. I actually was -- the 7 governor, being, again, if you have a game-changing leader, he says to me, he goes, Hey, I want you to apply and -- at Florida State University. I go, I'll do it. And so immediately, I 10 apply and SACS, the accreditation agency, basically said that if I do that -- if -- if they accept me, they're going to 11 12 shut down the university, because they'll no longer be accredited. 14 And it wasn't the -- I wasn't the first victim. 15 I mean, there were other ones. Then the select -- you know, 16 the search committee, which was made up not of those corporate 17 folks, but of -- of faculty and what have you, didn't let me 18 get to the final -- final three. And -- but then we 19 immediately, because of that, went back and said, Okay. For 20 all of our colleges, all of our universities, they're all 21 accredited by -- because it's regional -- SACSSOC [sic], the 22 federal government, thanks to you, probably, and -- and Betsy 23 DeVos opened it up. 24 And so we immediately passed legislation that said, Every single university, every single college, when they

1 come for reaccreditation, cannot choose their existing one. They have to choose one other. And now, you have these other accreditation agencies who want in Florida, want in that footprint, who are literally running over in private 5 conversations, SACSSOC, and -- and that competition and 6 diversity is going to create a much fairer system in our 7 universities. 8 But the two things I'd say, I think, that move the needle as quickly as you possibly can in anything in 10 government is transparency and accountability. And you know, 11 it's the -- you know, you go into your kitchen late at night --12 and my wife probably wouldn't appreciate me saying this, but 13 you go in your kitchen, you flick on the lights, and you see the cockroaches scurry under the cabinets, you know? But --15 but --16 MR. EITEL: It's Florida. 17 MR. CORCORAN: Yeah, yeah, it's Florida. 18 But -- but they're there. The same thing in 19 transparency in education. In fact, when I was going through 20 that process, one of the faculty members came up to me -- well, 21 I met with them as part of the application process. And one of the faculty members said, You know, you're working on a bill 22 23 that you're pushing -- because I was secretary at the time --24 that says that, among other things, we're going to do diversity studies so that we can see where our faculty is, you know,

1 and -- and -- and line that up against previous years and decades. But also in that bill I said that any student who uses their cell phone in a classroom for recording purposes or video purposes is completely legal, completely authorized and 5 completely allowed. And so that was what they were upset about. And 7 he's like, You know, why would you -- you know, where are you on that bill? What are you doing? And -- and I said to him, I said, Well, what exactly is going on your in classroom that you don't want us to see? You know, and -- and he goes, No, 11 I go, So I think we're -- I think we're good, you 12 know, there's no argument there. But that kind of transparency 13 is a game changer. And we need it even in the K-12. It gets much 14 15 more sensitive in the K-12 because of the ages. But if you --16 and that's really -- many silver linings of COVID. 17 of the greatest silver linings is the absolute revolution of 18 parents against education. I don't think CRT -- I think it's been going on for decades. I think all of these things have 20 been going on for -- I think gender influence by teachers has 21 been going on for decades. 22 But with COVID and with cameras in classrooms 23 and with all of that available at the hands of parents, you saw

Youngkin gets elected in Virginia apart from education and the

this outrage. And that outrage led to -- I don't think

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revolt against what's going on against parental rights. Even to the point his -- his -- his opponent said that he thought that the State had more rights over those children than the parents.

And when that happens, you see that revolt. And I think you're going to see it in a -- in a few weeks nationwide. But when you have that kind of transparency, I think we can move the needle and we can force those outcomes more so with -- with the -- with the schools.

And then accountability works. I know you guys mentioned the Solomon. But when you put a focus -- and there's a lot of ways we can do this. Also, I think -- which is a little bit more difficult and there is unintended quonces -consequences to a lot of what we say, but the accountability we have, we immediately put in -- and I -- and I would be against -- I am maybe not -- I know Betsy came out the other day and said that -- but I'm not against shutting down if -- if somebody who's a great leader becomes president of this country and he has a -- an opportunity to put into place a secretary of education who has a -- you know, 10s of billions of dollars' worth of budget to influence what's going on in these liberal states, not one school -- not -- we have 67 counties in Florida. If we did not have the power of the purse, it's our strongest weapon, without question, nothing comes close. Without that power of purse, we would not have opened up

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schools, we have not have ended mask mandates, we would not have ended vaccine mandates, we would not have gotten rid of CRT, we would not have gotten, again [sic] of -- of gender teaching. All of that was done strictly by the power of the purse.

And the federal government's power is even greater than ours and -- and I will tell you, not -- other than Florida, I think a lot of the other 49 states needs someone to come down to them and say, If these things continue, you will not get funding. And they will react. The one thing a liberal does do is bow at the knee of -- of a lack of funding.

But that account- -- we also put in accountability that said, We're going to measure all the things that matter. You know, how many of your students are graduating in four years? How many of your freshmen become sophomores in two years? How many Pell Grant recipients do you have? What are those Pell Grant recipients doing? What -- how many kids are -- are immediate employed after school? All of those things.

And when you start putting all these pressure points that are -- that are objective onto faculty members, what happens is the leadership of that school starts pounding downward, you know, less of the opinion and the rhetoric and more of making sure that algebra's taught or -- or civics is taught, because at some point, they have to pass these exams.

1 All the other stuff we have done, we -- in 2 Florida, we have, again, 28 colleges, 12 universities. We have three million K-12 students. We only have tenure in ten universities. Everything else is tenure free. And I will say, I think we're in a great position, but liberalism abounds in our -- in our university system, even with the fact that we don't have tenure. 8 So I think there's -- there's nothing that we can't do, but in the interim, the more -- I would support 10 cameras in K-12 schools. I know it's controversial, but the 11 more that we can see what's going on, the greater -- the more 12 lights we flick on, the more the cockroaches will scramble. 13 MR. ZYWICKI: Thanks, Richard. And Reed Rubinstein, I guess was unable to participate -- he couldn't 15 make it. I'll just briefly say one -- one minute about Reed. 16 Reed was going to be on this panel. He's American First Legal. 17 He was one of the people involved in the Trump White House and 18 Department of Education behind the -- they brought a lot of 19 litigation. They also filed the -- the famous Princeton 20 letter, if you know the Princeton letter where -- where the president of Princeton came out and said, We -- we were 21 22 systemically racist here and have been for centuries. 23 And so the -- the Trump Administration asked, so 24 why, then, have you been signing every year saying you don't discriminate as a condition for getting -- for getting federal

1 I think that model, right, is very consistent with what I was saying, which is sort of the hold them to their own standard, use their own weapons against them, and don't let them sort of evade their responsibilities. I don't know if, Bob, if you have anything to add to that what Reed may have 6 been doing if worked closely with him. 7 MR. EITEL: No. I mean, that was a -- a project conceived and executed by the one-and-only Reed Rubinstein. And it -- it certainly made waves. You know, one thing we did not get into are sort of administrative moves that a -- an 10 administration could do, you know, in 2025, in terms of OCR 11 12 invest- -- officer civil rights investigations and using the 13 power of that office to go after DEI in not just higher ed, but K-12, because they're violations -- many of these programs are 15 violations -- flat-out violations of Title VI. 16 And right now, we're in a situation where 17 complaints regarding those sorts of programs are not being 18 investigated. They're -- the administration is dismissing 19 them. 20 MR. ZYWICKI: Yeah. And prior admini- -- or 21 Republican administrations on good work on religious liberties, 22 for example, by being willing to use the civil rights office to 23 really go after violations of religious liberty and they could 24 be extended here. Josh? 25 MR. RAUH: So thank -- thanks very much and --

and thanks everybody for sticking around for this. You know, solutions are a really important part of what we're trying to do here. I know, you know, Scott and I, in our Global Liberty Institute and the other institutions that are sponsoring this are really focused on solutions, so appreciate staying for the late night.

Two questions: So it seems like I heard a lot of optimism about these institutes within universities that somehow will also be able to offer courses for credit, which has been a stopping point a lot of -- lot of institutions. But my question, even if we get past the hurdles, what stops what Mr. Bonevac referred to as Conquest Rules 2 and 3 from kicking in, meaning that the organization is ultimately going to be taken over by people who go against this original mission and also that by, you know, unless they're really asserting themselves strongly as being on the right and hold that, they're going to get dragged to the left. I've just seen that happen in too many other institutions, so I'm wondering whether the optimism is, you know, can we -- can we -- can we count on that optimism?

Second question I had is about either laws or if we still have a ed department and use the power of the purse, as you say, funding, dependancy on, you know, prohibiting viewpoint discrimination. How can those regulations or laws be written so that prohibiting viewpoint discrimination will

1 really address all of the things that we've heard this entire after- -- evening that have been experienced by, you know, so many of the -- of the panelists. You know, Brad Watson and Scott and Dorian Abbot, and, well, really, you know, most the people here. How is it, you know, prohibiting viewpoint discrimination, it sounds good, but Scott read a list of things 7 that happened to him or people he knows, and I'm just wondering whether either a statute or an ed department regulation can even be written to address the most critical of those things? 10 MR. EITEL: Yeah. So be -- let me be clear. I 11 do not think there should be an education department role in 12 the enforcement of any kind of viewpoint discrimination civil 13 rights law. I -- that -- right out of it, no regulations. This is a -- a civil rights of 1964 Title 7, Title VI type of 15 statute enforced by the courts, the private litigation. I 16 It -- it will be difficult to draft, it will be 17 unintended consequences. Yes, it will protect, you know, 18 the -- the national socialist who, you know, teaches, you know 19 S&M on the side and causes controversies and all -- you know, 20 all two of them. 21 But it would also protect people like Dr. Atlas 22 and his colleagues who have been persecuted. And I think 23 that's the far greater concern that we need to -- to be -- to 24 be worried about. So again, to stress, no rule for -- for federal agency enforcement, simply through private litigation.

1 MR. CORCORAN: I -- again, I think the 2 institutes are a great idea, but it's just going to be a very incremental process. And -- and I think what you said after that is -- I mean, because I think ours that we just started, the first one in the state's going to have 50 to 100 students. 6 There's one in Arizona State. Robbie George started the one 7 in -- in Princeton. I mean, it's -- it's -- it's very -- it's snail-pace change. 9 And then they also run into the problem of 10 finding the right people to run them. I mean, they -- they 11 choose the wrong leader of that institute, and then it, to your 12 point, just gets coopted and becomes just like the rest of the 13 university. 14 But I would say, on all the things that we've 15 done when we do civics reform, rewriting standards, and everything I've done in public service, there's always that 16 17 argument, Well, if we do this and all of a sudden there's a 18 regime change, you know, won't they -- you know, they have the 19 opportunity to do that. And the answer's true, which is why I 20 say, we should seize the day and do as much as we possibly can 21 with everything we have while we are in control and then trust 22 on the fact that at -- in the end -- it might be apocalyptic,

MR. RAUH: I just want to state one follow-up thing with this, is you know, the Princeton -- president of

but in the end, truth will always stand.

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   Princeton defended his actions against Josh (Inaudible) and the
   (inaudible) continual maligning of him on a website by saying,
   This is my freedom of speech right to do this. So, you know, I
   just -- I -- I want to believe that it's possible to write
   statutes to be able to stop that, but I -- you know, how do
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   you -- how do you rid this?
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                  MR. EITEL: Well -- well, the issue there is
   that there was a negative employment action based on his -- on
   his point of view, right, that his -- you know, he's a
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   well-established professor at the university who articulated,
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   you know, frankly, a mainstream view and lost his position
   because of it. That -- I think that is the difference.
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                  MR. ZYWICKI: Richard, did you have something to
   add or no?
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                               I mean, I -- I don't have much
                  MR. LOWERY:
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   optimism for the institutes, and I don't think it takes time
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   for them to be captured. They're now -- the system's in place.
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   Any sort of institute gets captured instantaneously, so it's
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   not even conquest law, it's a conquest event.
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                  MR. ZYWICKI: The -- the -- the administrators
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   are playing the long game here, right? They know -- they --
   they know the end state and I think Richard said it best and
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   let -- if the donors are not willing to walk away in the end,
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   then the administrators will steal their money. And, you know,
   and the donors often will exchange it for, you know, a game at
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1 the -- in the president's box, right? 2 Second thing is, yeah, we have Robbie George. 3 We all look at -- we all know Robbie George's success story. You know who else knows that? They do. Right? They basically said, We don't want one of those Robbie George things on our 6 campus, right? So like Ro- -- it's precisely because Robbie 7 George has been so successful that no other university or very few other universities has actually been able to re-create Robbie George because they do what they did to Richard, right? 10 Which is a cut him off at the knees before they can actually 11 set something up with real academic freedom. 12 Todd, can I just add one thing? So MR. EITEL: 13 there's an undercurrent to this conversation, and maybe I'm mistaken, that there's going to be a silver bullet to solve all 15 these problems or some cat- -- you know, cataclysmic 16 Napoleonic-style battle for the soul of the country that we 17 fight and we win and walk off into the sunset. No. This is a 18 daily battle that we'll need to fight for the rest of our 19 lives, and our children will have to fight it and probably our 20 grandchildren. It's a battlefield and that's the way it's 21 going to be. That's just the way it is. 22 MR. ZYWICKI: Yeah. The Gromshe (phonetic) 23 project took how many generations for the left to capture the 24 institutions? So do we have time for one more or were you calling it a day?

1 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: (Inaudible.) 2 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Thank you so much. Okay. 3 Mr. Lowery, I want to say, I completely agree with you, which I know is weird because I'm 19, I'm supposed to be optimistic, but I think you're completely right that the conservative movement right now is just full of losers. And I think there's 7 really two reasons. I think, number one, many of them are so afraid of the word "racist" that they just totally give the left all the ground on that. And then I think second, which you really identified correctly, is this, like, obsession with 10 11 institutions and, you know, limited government, which I think 12 would be good in, like, a virtuous society, but we really need to sort of use the vessels that we have. So I just want to say 13 I agree with you. 15 I -- I guess I have two questions. The first 16 is, like, for someone like me who's young, who wants to sort of 17 try to win over as many young conservatives to my side, you 18 know, get them -- stop being afraid of what the left thinks of 19 them, what advice do you have? 20 And then secondly, I'm just curious, what do you 21 think of, like, Ron DeSantis and his sort of mode of 22 governance. And then, you know, do you think this count- --23 you know, if you had 49 other Ron DeSantises, do you think, you 24 know, you would be more optimistic or do you think he's also kind of a grifter? I'm kind of curious where you think on

that.

MR. LOWERY: I can -- I can answer the second part easily. Yeah, if we had 49 Ron DeSantises, things would get better, but we have one Ron DeSantis. And, you know, the gap between Ron DeSantis and the next person is just too large to really make a difference in higher ed, at least.

And as far as advice, I haven't been very effective at persuading anybody of anything, so whatever you guys are doing is working, 'cause you're like 19 years old and you're on a panel and you're getting videoed and you're going to be streamed, so what you're doing may work, but you just -- I mean, just -- you just gotta grind through it. But, you know, what I did doesn't --

MR. ZYWICKI: I'll bet Ron DeSantis does understand game theory, Ron DeSantis does understand tit for tat and he understands the sucker strategy is not a -- not a -- a winning strategy, right? Which is, I think -- and I won't ask Richard the case, but Ron DeSantis seems to have figured out Saul Alinsky, whether he's read him or not, right? But the basic point is, ever since that Disney thing, notice that corporate America's been very quiet since the Daub's opinion because -- and DeSantis isn't retaliating, but DeSantis is basically saying, tit for tat gets us back to neutrality. That's what we want to have, right, we want to have neutrality across our corporations. We just need less politics in this --

1 in this country. 2 So I think -- so I think that's the model of 3 fighting power with power to try to reestablish an equilibrium. MR. LOWERY: But I live in Texas, so that's a 5 little different. 6 MR. ZYWICKI: And I would say on -- for you 7 guys, you guys are doing it right, which is have fun. should be fun. All right. That's what -- that's what -that's the Alinsky lesson, right, you want your followers to And the other side is so serious, right, and they're 10 11 so -- such a drag, right? 12 Can we get -- grab one right there? 13 MR. ATLAS: Okay. I think we're gonna -- we're going to call it a night here, although if people want to hang 15 out and ask questions, that's fine. I want to thank, of 16 course, this panel and all the other panelists. I thought it 17 was an awesome meeting myself. I want to thank Dr. Arnn, 18 Hillsdale, the Salem Center for Policy at the McComb School of 19 Business and the Global Liberty Institute for sponsoring this. 20 There were 25 panelists who took a financial hit 21 to do this. They didn't really make any money whatsoever. But 22 really very grateful that they participated. It was a great 23 discussion. I want to thank Jim Hankins for coming to give 24 a -- a really amazing keynote. I also want to thank my colleagues, Richard Lowery and Josh Rauh, who worked very hard

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   to put the whole meeting together.
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                   (Applause.)
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                   MR. ATLAS: Yes. I want to thank Amanda, Emma
   and Patrick, all of Hillsdale, who did all the logistical hard
   work here. The meeting went incredibly well, far as I'm
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   concerned.
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                   (Applause.)
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                   MR. ATLAS: Yes. The audience, of course, for
            I hope you enjoyed it. Thank you for your support and
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   for your future support in advance. And of course, I want to
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   say to everybody, but particularly the young people, we never
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   give up. Never.
                      Thank you very much.
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                   (End of recording.)
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1 CERTIFICATE 2 I, TERRI GARCIA, Certified Shorthand Reporter in and for 3 the State of Texas, certify that the foregoing is a correct 4 transcription from the audio recording of the proceedings in 5 the above-entitled matter. 6 I further certify that I am neither counsel for, related 7 to, nor employed by any of the parties to the action in which this hearing was taken, and further that I am not financially 9 or otherwise interested in the outcome of the action. 10 I further certify that the transcription fee of 11 _____ was paid/will be paid in full by 12 13 14 15 16 Terri Garcia, Texas Certified Shorthand Reporter No. 6581 17 Dickman Davenport, Inc. Firm Registration No. #312 18 4228 North Central Expressway Suite 101 19 Dallas, Texas 75206 (214) 855-5100 20 My commission expires: 7-31-23 21 22 23 24 25

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